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The DAILY NEW MEXICAN will be found on file at the Hotel Wellington.

American Army Advancing on Santiago

"Teddie's Terrors" Made a Forced March--Spaniards Abandoned Juragua In Great Haste--Skirmish Between Insurgents and Spanish Soldiers--Santiago Will Soon Fall.

On board Associated Press dispatch boat Dauntless, off Juragua, June 23, via Port Antonio, Jamaica, June 24.—The advance of the American army has reached the edge of the table land in which the harbor of Santiago de Cuba lies. Here, seven miles from Morro castle as the crow flies, the main portion of the troops have halted and the Spaniards are in full retreat toward Santiago de Cuba. They may attempt a surprise, but a decisive engagement is not expected for several days. General Lawton's brigade, which rested last night at Demajayabo, four miles west of Balqueri, resumed the march at daylight. Before noon his brigade, consisting of the 22nd infantry, 1st infantry, the second Massachusetts volunteers, with several companies of the 8th cavalry, half of the 4th cavalry and several companies of the 25th colored infantry occupied Juragua, five miles beyond, and the American flag was hoisted there.

The Spaniards retired before the advance which was covered by Cuban skirmishers, burning blockhouses as they went. Colonel Wagner, with a small reconnaissance party of about 40 men brushed against the flank of the retreating Spanish, 200 strong at Firmeze. A dozen shots were fired by the Spaniards as Colonel Wagner fell back. Before General Lawton could bring up the 22nd regiment the Spaniards had decamped westward. Juragua was abandoned by General Linares and 1,200 Spanish troops with such haste that they had no time to burn the town, though ineffectual attempts were made to destroy the locomotives of the railroad and rolling stock.

General Linares retreated to Seville six miles west of Juragua by road, and nine miles from Santiago. A detachment of 170 Cubans under Colonel Aguirre collided with the Spaniards' rear guard. The Cubans lost two men killed and have seven wounded. The Spanish loss is not known.

General Chaffee, with the 9th cavalry, the remainder of the 8th and 4th, the 7th, 13th and 17th infantry, reached Juragua at dark. General Bates, with the reserve of the 20th infantry, and Colonel Woods' rough riders, dismounted, with the dynamite gun, hurried forward from Balqueri at 3 o'clock, proceeding by forced marches. When the couriers brought the news that Juragua had been occupied, the troops which had not disembarked their troops, steamed to Juragua with the view of landing them there, but a heavy sea beating on the beach made it impossible to get the boats through the surf. Dispatches from General Linares, which have been captured, indicate the Spaniards were ordered to retreat toward Santiago. The insurgents expect the first land will be made at Seville. General Lawton's men are badly fagged by forced marches and the intense heat. Their rations are almost exhausted. There were two casualties during the landing of the troops at Balqueri. Corporal Cobb and Private English, of troop D, 10th cavalry, (colored) fell between a lighter and the pier. Captain O'Neill, of "Wood's rough riders" plunged into the sea to the risk of his life, but the men were crushed before he reached them. Captain O'Neill is the former mayor of Prescott, Ariz.

Several horses and mules were drowned while swimming ashore through the surf. General Garcia's army of 4,500 men is to be conveyed by the transports from Acapulco and landed at Balqueri tomorrow, to join the 1,200 men under General Castillo and co-operate with the American troops.

Useless Efforts to Defend Santiago.

Port au Prince, Hayti, June 24.—According to advices received here this morning, the Americans will soon be masters of Santiago de Cuba, in spite of the steps taken by the Spanish military commanders and Admiral Cervera to defend the place.

MILITIA CALLED OUT.

Strike at Oshkosh, Wis., has Assumed a Serious Aspect—State Troops Necessary to Protect Workmen and Property.

Oshkosh, Wis., June 24.—Militia have arrived from Milwaukee. The strikers planned an attack on the factory of the Pine Lumber company, but when they reached the grounds the soldiers stood ready to receive them and the mob abandoned the cause. The strikers fighting aggregated nine non-union men, more or less disabled. Only one killed was a striker, James Morris, who was trying to force his way into the McMillan grounds, and was struck on the head by an engineer employed in the mill. The five factory men will start up again under the protection of the militia.

Reported Defeat of Derwishes.

London, June 24.—A dispatch from Cairo to the Pall Mall Gazette, says it is reported there that the Khalifa has abandoned Omdurman, the derwish stronghold near Khartoum, and fled southward.

BURSTING OF A SHELL

On the Battleship Texas Kills One Man and Wounds Eight.

New York, June 24.—A dispatch to the World from Santiago de Cuba, June 24, says: One man was killed and eight wounded aboard the Texas. The battleship at the time of landing troops, went to Matanzas to make a feint attack upon the fortifications there in connection with the land force of Cubans under General Rabi. The Texas silenced the Socapa batteries. Just as the action ended a shell entered the battleship and exploded. Casualties: A. R. Blakey, of Newport, R. I., apprentice, first class, dead. Wounded—R. C. Engle, seaman, New York; H. A. Gee, apprentice, Philadelphia; J. E. Lixley, landsman, Norfolk, Va.; G. E. Mullen, apprentice, New York; J. E. Nelson, apprentice, New York; R. R. Russell, apprentice, Philadelphia; W. J. Simmonson, seaman, New York; A. Googvist, seaman, New York. Russell is very seriously wounded. Others will all recover.

Germany Will Not Land Troops.

Washington, June 24.—The Associated Press is able to state on authority that permission to land marines or troops at Manila has not been sought by the German ambassador here, of the state department, nor has any such permission been granted. In fact there have been no overtures exchanged on the subject.

ADOPTED BUSINESS METHODS.

Convention of Federated Women's Clubs Will Tax Members Ten Cents Each Annually.

Denver, June 24.—The General Federation of Women's clubs was placed on a strictly business, instead of a semi-charity, basis by the decision of the convention today to tax the thousands of clubs in the federation at the rate of 10 cents per capita annually. The new provision will go into effect in 1900 and will bring in \$5,500 a year. The educational conference, in charge of Miss Margaret J. Evans, of Minnesota, and the conference on "Club methods" with Mrs. Cyrus E. Perkins, of Michigan. In the chair, were held this afternoon.

Another Spanish Fals.

St. Thomas, D. W. L., June 24.—No information has been received here which tends to confirm the report from Madrid that some Spanish warships at San Juan de Porto Rico had been engaged with an American cruiser.

DISORDER PREVAILED.

Spanish Chamber of Deputies Excited Over Philippine Question—Minister of Marine and Admiral Cervera Censured.

Copyrighted by Associated Press.—Madrid, June 24.—The debate in the chamber of deputies yesterday on the Philippine question, was marked by great disorder. Senator Romero y Robledo, the Conservative leader, attacked General Polavieja, the former minister of war, for treating with General Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, and was interrupted with shouts of "That is untrue." A scene of the greatest confusion followed and the sitting was suspended. When business was resumed Senator Robledo asked if the government desired peace or war. If peace, he added, Spain would better negotiate directly with the United States, as the powers would demand a broker's commission in case they intervened. Senator Robledo censured the minister of marine and Admiral Cervera, accusing the minister of having granted unpatriotic interviews. Captain Aunon defended the navy, and said Senator Robledo's remarks were insulting and characterized the published reports of interviews with him as "distortions." The reporters left the chamber and only returned at the close of the minister's speech, which concluded with the announcement that Admiral Camara was on the way to the Philippines to defend the Spanish flag. An uproar was occasioned by Senator Salazar, the Republican leader, who denounced the attempt to close debate. He loudly exclaimed, "It is an outrage," and was commencing an attack on the monarchy when his voice was drowned by shouts. When order was restored the president announced the chamber would meet in secret session to discuss internal affairs.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

Washington, June 24.—Senator Hale reported from the naval affairs committee a bill conferring authority on the president to appoint five cadets, during the next year to the naval academy. Mr. Hale said it was particularly designed to enable the president to appoint to the naval academy a son of Captain Charles V. Gridley, commander of the Olympia, flagship of Admiral Dewey, who died recently at Kobe, Japan. Mr. Hale (Tenn.) objected. The bill went over.

The bill to increase the efficiency of the quartermaster's department of the army and authorizing the secretary of war to make such a distribution of the force as he may deem expedient, was passed. The senate agreed to the conference report on the bankruptcy bill.

The bill to increase the efficiency of the substance department of the army, making provision for the appointment of 30 assistant commissaries of subsistence, with the rank of captain, was reported and read.

The bill relative to the engineer corps, recently reported, was passed.

Appointment of Indian Agent. The president has appointed Elwood Hadley agent for the Indians at the Pima agency in Arizona.

Cortes Suspended.

Madrid, June 24.—The queen regent has signed the decree suspending the cortes.

Gen. Miles Will go to Cuba. Washington, June 24.—General Miles, in command of the army, will go to Cuba to direct the military operations in the field, after preparations for further expeditions by the way of Newport News and Tampa are perfected.

HOBSON AND MEN SAFE.

Admiral Sampson Has Learned That the Gallant Crew of the Merrimac is Well—Confined in Santiago.

Washington, D. C., June 24, 10 a. m.—The State department has just received the following cablegram: Plaza del Este, June 24.—From a flag of truce I learned today that Lieutenant Hobson and companions are all well. They are confined in the city of Santiago four miles from Morro. (Signed) "SAMPSON."

ACCIDENT TO MILITARY TRAIN.

Engine Jumped the Track and Toppled Over—Engineer Killed and Fireman Will Die—Soldiers Uninjured.

St. Joseph, Mo., June 24.—As the second section of the Burlington train carrying the Torrey cowboy regiment, cavalry, from Fort D. A. Russell to Jacksonville, Fla., was pulling into the St. Joseph Union station this morning, the engine jumped the track and after plunging through the earth for 30 feet, toppled over on one side. Engineer John W. Fuller, who bravely remained at his post, was killed. Fireman George Cristman was so badly scalded that he will die. Three cars of horses were derailed but not one animal was scratched.

NEWS FROM HONOLULU.

In Event of Annexation It is Believed Hawaiian Regiment Will be Hurried to Philippine Islands.

Honolulu, June 15, via San Francisco, per steamship Peru, June 24.—The U. S. S. Mohican arrived from San Francisco on the evening of June 15. Orders have been issued requiring all members of the Hawaiian National guards, active and honorary, to report immediately to the commanding officers, the amount and character of any and all equipment in their possession. It is believed that in the event of annexation the local regiment will be hurried to Manila.

MARKET REPORT.

New York, June 24.—Money on call nominally 1 1/4 @ 1 1/2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 @ 4. Silver, 50¢, lead, \$3.75; copper, 10 1/2. Chicago.—Wheat, June, 30¢; July, 31¢. Corn, June, 31¢ @ 31 1/2¢; July, 32 1/2¢. Oats, June, 23 1/2¢; July, 24¢. Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 3,588; market today, weak; beefs, \$4.10 @ \$5.10; cows and heifers, \$2.25 @ \$4.70; Texas steers, \$3.50 @ \$4.35; stockers and feeders, \$3.65 @ \$4.85. Sheep, receipts, 9,000; weak to 10¢ lower; natives, \$3.25 @ \$5.15; westerns, \$4.40 @ \$5.10; lambs, \$4.00 @ \$6.75.

Kansas.—City.—Cattle, receipts, 3,000; market, best grades steady; native steers, \$3.80 @ \$4.90; Texas steers, \$2.30 @ \$4.45; Texas cows, \$2.75 @ \$3.50; native cows and heifers, \$2.00 @ \$4.65; stockers and feeders, \$3.25 @ \$4.45; bulls, \$2.20 @ \$4.00. Sheep, receipts, 1,000; firm; lambs, \$3.50 @ \$6.00; muttons, \$3.50 @ \$5.00.

CONSTANT CABLE COMMUNICATION.

Admiral Sampson Keeping Navy Department Posted—Requesting Made for Supplies—No Success.

Washington, June 24.—Admiral Sampson is in constant cable communication with the Navy department. Six dispatches were received in rapid succession through the early hours today. Only half an hour elapsed between the filing of the last message by the admiral and the receipt of it in Washington. The dispatches made requisition for supplies of every description and indicated needed repairs, mostly of a minor character, to the vessels of the fleet. Not a word was said as to any engagement by the troops under General Shafter. A dispatch to General Greely, chief signal officer, from Lieutenant Colonel Allen, in charge of the telegraph communication with the army, dated at Plaza del Este, indicating that he is making arrangements to extend communication along shore far as Agudadores, about 16 miles farther westward than Plaza del Este.

Will Sail for the Philippines.

San Francisco, Cal., June 24.—According to the latest advices obtainable, the next expedition to the Philippines will sail on Monday or Tuesday next and General Merritt will follow a day or two later on the Newport.

That Cadiz Fleet Again.

Washington, June 24.—The State department has received advices confirming the report that the Spanish Cadiz squadron is in the Mediterranean moving eastward. A dispatch came from the agent of the department in Algiers as follows: "Captain Monon, of the English steamer Hampton, informs me, based on the 22d at 3 p. m., of Pamplera, a Spanish squadron bound east, of 15 ships, including transports, laden with troops and three torpedo boats."

MADRID TALKS YELLOW JACK.

Dispatches From Spanish Capital Say That American Soldiers Have Been Attacked by Yellow Fever—Plan of Campaign.

Madrid, June 24.—It is announced here from Cuba that yellow fever has already attacked the members of the American expedition at Santiago. Dispatches from the Spanish military commander at Santiago say the Spaniards may fall back before the Americans, but only until they are out of the reach of the ships' guns. The Spanish commander at Siboney was killed during the recent fighting there. Colonel Aldea, it is added, defeated the insurgents at Puerto Cabrera. The Spaniards admit that during the recent bombardment by the American fleet, they lost one man killed and had three wounded. On the other hand, they claim the Spanish shells severely damaged the Indiana's port side, and say three shells struck the Texas.

Exploring Expedition Sailed.

Christiansburg, Norway, June 24.—The Arctic exploring ship Fram, having on board Captain Otto Sverdrup's expedition to the Arctic regions, sailed from here this morning.

The New Lunch Counter

At Conway's Bon-Ton is the only place where you can get a first-class short order meal in the city.

TEACHERS SHOULD KNOW ENGLISH AND SPANISH.

The Superintendent of Public Instruction Holds This to be Necessary in Certain Districts.

The following opinion has been rendered by Hon. M. C. de Baca, territorial superintendent of public instruction: OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, New Mexico.

Mr. Julian J. Trujillo, Kelly, N. M. Santa Fe, N. M., June 11, 98.—Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge receipt of your favor of recent date inquiring the meaning of the provision of the school law of 1891, "That in school districts where the majority of the children are of Spanish speaking parents teachers should know both English and Spanish." In reply I have to say that the only construction that can be placed on said provision is, that in such cases the teacher should have a knowledge of both languages in order that he might make himself understood to all his pupils and also in order that he might be able to use the Spanish books adopted by the territorial board of education. As to whether Spanish can be taught in the public schools I have to say that while there is no specific provision of law requiring that Spanish should be taught, still section 1520, of the Compiled Laws of 1897, provides "That it shall be the duty of the superintendent of public instruction to recommend the most approved text books, in English or English and Spanish, for the common schools of the territory after the same have been adopted by the territorial board of education, etc." In view of the fact that the said territorial board of education adopted text books in Spanish and in English (a list is inclosed herewith) it becomes the duty of teachers to use said books in the public schools and, therefore, the teaching of the Spanish language is compulsory in order to carry out the plain provisions of the law authorizing the adoption of text books as above stated. Very truly yours, M. C. de Baca, Superintendent.

Vacancy in Bureau of Immigration.

Captain W. H. H. Llewellyn, commanding troop G, 1st U. S. volunteer cavalry, now in the field in front of Santiago de Cuba, has tendered his resignation as a member of the territorial bureau of immigration to Governor Otero and the same has been accepted. No appointment to fill the vacancy has as yet been made. Captain Llewellyn is of the opinion that it will be several months before he will be able to return to the territory and that some person, who can give his time and attention to the duties of the position, should fill it.

MORE TROUBLE FOR SPAIN.

If the Cadiz Fleet Has Really Started For Manila, An American Fleet Will Visit Spanish Seaports.

Washington, June 24.—It is authoritatively stated that if the Spanish Cadiz squadron once passes into the Suez canal, a powerful American squadron made up from Admiral Sampson's best ships will start at once across the Atlantic, enter the Mediterranean and bombard the Spanish seaports. Various conditions have been made to show this plan to be entirely feasible.

LANDING OF TROOPS.

Progress of Work as Told in Delayed Message—Cubans Joining Gen. Shafter's Forces—Men Well and in Good Spirits.

Copyright Associated Press.—On board Associated Press dispatch boat Dauntless off Balqueri, June 23, by way of Halifax direct cable. Before sunset last night over 4,000 men of the 16,500 on board the transports, went ashore. General Kent, with seven transports, will remain west of Santiago as a feint, until the remainder of the troops here are landed.

General Garcia arrived at camp before dark; 1,500 of his Cubans are expected to effect a juncture with General Shafter's men today. As soon as the various commands were landed yesterday, they were pushed out in the direction of Santiago. At dark the transports were ordered to be strung out in a column three miles long, the front resting at Demajayabo and the rear column within a mile of base at Balqueri in the following order: Colonel Wagner, with reconnaissance party at Demajayabo, a mile from General Lawton's headquarters; 23d and 24th colored infantry, resting at a small creek, 2d Massachusetts, 13th infantry, 1st battalion, two companies 10th infantry, 2d battalion, 4th infantry. General Bates' men, who are on reserve, and General Lawton's "Wood's rough riders" dismounted, and fragments of several regiments, bivouacked at Balqueri last night. The landing proceeded until dawn. The men slept on the bare ground, some under tent flies, some under the starlit canopy. In the morning they washed and were in good spirits. The only disagreeable feature was the mosquitoes and land insects. All the men are anxious to get at the foe and the regiments are to be pushed on to support General Lawton, as fast as they are landed. The aggressive attitude of the army on land has been exceedingly gratifying.

GERMANY WILL NOT INTERFERE.

Assurances Received From High Official Source That That Government Will Maintain Strict Neutrality Regarding the Philippines.

Washington, June 24.—At today's cabinet meeting it was announced that the secretary of state had received assurances that Germany has no intention of interfering with the policy or plans of the United States in regard to the occupation of the Philippines Islands. Its attitude will continue to be one of strict neutrality. This statement, coming from a high official source, is accepted by this government in perfect good faith and regarded as final and conclusive.

Notaries' Records.

The New Mexican Printing company has on sale blank records for the use of notaries public, with the chapter of the Compiled laws governing notaries, printed in the front. Will be delivered at any postoffice or express office on receipt of \$1.25.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



FOR SALE BY H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

ALL ABOARD FOR THE SACRAMENTOS.

First Mile of Track on the A. & S. M. R. R. Completed and Work Pushed Right Along—First Division to be Completed by September 1 Coming.

El Paso, Texas, June 24.—The first mile of track on the Alamogordo and Sacramento Mountain railroad was laid and completed yesterday and engines are now running to the end of the track from the depot at Alamogordo.

The first division of the new road to the summit of the Sacramento and into the magnificent timber belt in that region will be completed by September 1, as a large force of men and teams is engaged in the work and as General Manager John A. Eddy is pushing the work with great energy and vim.

The United States will soon make official surveys of the whole Sacramento mountain section, and settlers are flocking to that favored section and taking up homestead claims in great numbers. The new road will be one of the most picturesque in the United States and will show scenic attractions superior to those of the famous Yosemite country in California and fully equal to the grandest on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad in Colorado.

AN OPERATION AVOIDED.

Mrs. Rosa Gaum Writes to Mrs. Pinkham About It. She Says:

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I take pleasure in writing you a few lines to inform you of the good your Vegetable Compound has done me. I cannot thank you enough for what your medicine has done for me; it has, indeed, helped me wonderfully. For years I was troubled with an ovarian tumor, each year growing larger until at last I was compelled to consult with a physician. He said nothing could be done for me but to go under an operation. In speaking with a friend of mine about it, she recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, saying she knew it would cure me. I then sent for your medicine and after taking three bottles of it, the tumor disappeared. Oh! you do not know how much good your medicine has done me. I shall recommend it to all suffering women.—MRS. ROSA GAUM, 720 Wall St., Los Angeles, Cal.

The great and unvarying success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in relieving every derangement of the female organs, demonstrates it to be the modern safeguard of woman's happiness and bodily strength. More than a million women have been benefited by it. Every woman who needs advice about her health is invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass.

HENRY KRICK,

SOLE AGENT FOR



The trade supplied from one bottle to a barrel. Mail order promptly filled.

GUADALUPE ST. - SANTA FE

PLEADINGS AND PRACTICE

(Forms to conform to Code) Pleading's forms of Pleading, under the Missouri Code, have been placed with the New Mexican Printing Co. for sale. A complete and comprehensive book of forms, adopted to the new Code of Civil Procedure now in effect in New Mexico. Part 1. Ordinary Proceedings in Courts of Record. Part 2. Attachment; Custody; Garnishment; Habeas Corpus; Injunction; Mandamus; Meehan's Lien; Prohibition; Quo Warranto and Replevin. Part 3. Miscellaneous. Covering Advertisements; Affidavits; Arbitration; Assignments; Depositions; Naturalizations, etc., etc. Bound in full law sheep. Delivered at any postoffice in New Mexico upon receipt of publisher's price, \$2.00. Cash advance name printed on the book free of cost. Address New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. M.